Budget 2010 - Raise taxes or cut benefits?

In view of the fact that government's revenues have declined because of the economic crisis, resulting in an increase in the country's deficit, do you favour these measures? (%)

	Yes	INO	DON'T KI
Decrease income tax rates	67.3	23.8	8.9
Increase income tax for those earning more than €35,000	55.6	28.1	16.3
Tax properties kept vacant for more than a year	47.3	35.9	16.4
Introduce health charges for the well off	42.6	47.8	9.6
Decrease single parent benefits	35.8	50.9	13.2
Cut university stipends	7.4	86.7	5.9

Agreement with measures according to present voting intentions:

	PN	PL
Decrease income tax	52.5	74.5
Increase income tax for those earning more than €35,000	60	54.1
Tax properties kept vacant for more than a year	57.5	44.4
Introduce health charges for the well off	40	45.5
Decrease single parent benefits	62.5	27.3
Cut university stipends	4.1	5
	•	

Agreement with measures according to social class:

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C1	C2	DE	SE
74	77.8	77.3	62.5
56	59.3	59.1	25
54	40	49.1	37.5
40	48.1	45.4	37.5
44	25.9	13.6	46
6	7.4	13.6	0
•	•		•

Pensioners 64.3

49.1 44.6 35.7

AB - professional and managerial C1 - clerical, vocational, technical C2 - skilled workers

DE - unskilled workers/unemployed

fecting those earning more

Almost half (47%) of respond-

ents would also favour the

introduction of a new tax on

properties kept vacant for more

than a year. But 36% would op-

pose this measure, which would

penalise property hoarders and

encourage property owners to

On the other hand, the Mal-

tese tend to oppose any cuts

in social expenditure, with a

majority opposing measures

directed at cutting expendi-

ture on welfare, stipends and

than €35,000 a year.

rent more properties

health.

PE - pensioners

SE - self employed



Expressions of Interest

Provision of Promotional Marketing Services (MIA/05/09)

"We promote Malta as a focal point in the

systems for all airport stakeholders to enjoy

a safe, efficient and profitable enterprise."

and friendly staff, using state of the art

global airport network, through our competent

Malta International Airport plc (MIA) requires the services of an established Marketing Agency to provide the Company with consultancy services and assistance in the promotion and execution of Marketing related initiatives and Promotional programmes.

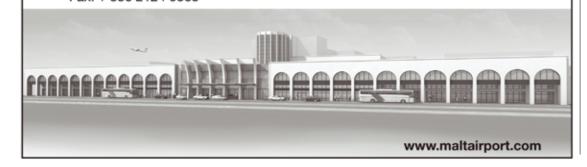
The services comprise marketing campaigns, brand management, design, advertising, printing, production of audio-visual material, publications, and other related promotional matter.

Interested parties are invited to collect a copy of a Pre-Qualification Questionnaire from MIA Head Offices, against a fee of €50.

Closing date for the submission of the completed questionnaire is 11:00 hrs of November 13, 2009.

Malta International Airport plc Head Office, Second Floor Malta International Airport Luqa LQA 4000

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James Debono

WITH government revenues down, income tax at 40% of its projected levels by end-July, and the pressure from Brussels to cut the deficit, the economic crisis has left government with little space for manoeuvre in its bid to get its act together for the next budget.

Judging by high support for tax cuts in MaltaToday's survey (which would further decrease government revenue) and low support for cuts on the social expenditure, the governments' options are further limited, in terms of popular demands.

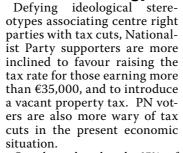
Significantly, 67% of respondents in our latest survey would like the government to reduce prevailing economic situation.

Of the three cost-cutting measures proposed in MaltaToday's survey, the one attracting the highest support was that of income tax rates despite the introducing charges in healthcare for the well off. While 43%

But despite favouring tax cuts | agreed with a degree of meansin general, 56% would favour an increase in income tax af-

A matter of ideology?

testing in health services, 48%



On the other hand, 65% of PN favour cuts on benefits for single parents. Only 27% of Labour voters agree. But the absolute majority in both parties supports the stipend system.

A question of class?

Surprisingly, the AB category which includes professionals and managers, who generally pay more taxes than others – is

the least keen on tax cuts. Support for taxes on vacant properties is also higher among C1 respondents, who include workers in clerical, supervisory and vocational jobs.

On the other hand, workingclass respondents are the least

The self-employed (SE) are the most likely to favour a rightwing agenda of simultaneous tax and welfare cuts. While 63% of the self-employed favour tax cuts in general, only 25% favoured an increase of taxation for those earning more than €35,000. While the self-employed were the most likely to favour cuts in benefits for single parents, they were also the least likely to agree with means testing in health and with taxing

keen on reducing benefits for

single mothers. Among DEs,

which include unskilled work-

ers and recipients of welfare,

only 14% agree with such cuts.

On the other hand, 44% of C1s

vacant properties. But none of the self-employed want to do away with the stipend system.

jdebono@mediatoday.com.mt

Methodology:

tween Tuesday 29 September | social assistance and a bonus of | in favour of cutting down on respondents were chosen from the telephone directory. 300 accepted to be interviewed. The survey has a margin of error of +/-5.7%.

Women on the verge of popular disgruntlement

More favour cutting single mums' allowance than university stipends

Matthew Vella

MALTATODAY'S survey has revealed a telling feature of Maltese society (and perhaps of human nature in general) when it comes to our attitude to welfare. Although the annual €8 mil-

lion in welfare payments to single parents pales into insignificance when compared with the €21 million paid in postsecondary and university students' stipends, a whopping 36% would reduce the government's expenditure on single parents, but only 7% would do away with stipends

So cutting university stipends emerges as the least popular of the measures proposed by the survey. This explains the strong political consensus surrounding this issue.

But we certainly cannot discount the bilious demonisation of single mums in modern, industrialised nations.

Portrayed as anonymous babymongers who sponge off our tax money, single mothers are easy targets. They are women first and foremost. And because the fathers of their children do not take responsibility for the child, they get unfairly depicted as being a

notch below prostitutes. That they have become the latest target of the Nationalist government, which seems to have taken a leaf out of right-wing loonies Azzjoni Nazzjonali, shows how economic crises always have

The bare facts are that we have 3,650

single parent families with one | sity would still have the same or more dependent children – of these, a full 54% (a total of 5,450 persons) are at risk of poverty.

The maximum assistance is €363 a month (€4,357 yearly), increased by a further €32.60 a month for each additional child. If the mother pays rent, she gets an extra €4.64 a month.

If she is unemployed, she gets €12.48 added to her monthly

75% of the maximum rate for ing their right to full assistance, the result is no surprise.

as long as total income does not exceed the national minimum wage of €138.90 a week. In other words, a single parent may earn up to €48.12 per week and still receive the full entitlement of Social Assistance.

On the other hand: there are 10,000 university students (and 3,000 at the Junior College) eligible to an €83 monthly stipend (from October to June), plus a yearly €465 grant and a one-time gift of €465. The stipend for particular degrees (sciences, IT, education, engineering) is €146

To parents of these mostly liveat-home and unemployed children, it is a total €21 million of pocket-money that is not being taken out of their pockets. It is a state subsidy for parents. Better to have your kids take the money. than an anonymous woman who should be out working rather than making kids, no?

Because other than that reason, the university stipend simply does not work. The European Commission's directorate on economic and financial affairs

says Malta spends too much on university students, without even getting enough university graduates in return. Their studies say Malta gets

"far less efficient outcomes" be cause stipends are granted indiscriminately and not related to merit or success. At 44% of

present spending levels, the univer-

enrolment rates. But it's examples like these that test the social bonds of welfare: the Maltese prefer to see their kids get paid for books, cigarettes and booze (and hopefully a degree for a better job), than aiding single mothers at risk of

Our survey shows the self-employed being the category most single parents' assistance (46%) If unmarried and living with | and the least in favour of cutting her family, the single mum gets | stipends (an anomalous zero per cent). For the most ideologicallybeneficiaries. Single mums can devoid class, voting solely acdo part-time work without los- cording to who taxes the lowest,



